According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015		
SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION				
Produ	Product name :		Shell Tellus S2 MA 46		
Produ	uct code	: 001D7755			
Manu	facturer or supplier's	details			
Manufacturer/Supplier		: Shell Oil Pro PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7 USA			
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 877-276- :	7285		
Spill I	rgency telephone nun nformation h Information	nber : 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400			
Recommended use of the ch Recommended use		<b>chemical and restr</b> i : Hydraulic oil	ctions on use		

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	: N	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	-	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements		Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version Revision Date: 1.3 07/15/2021

SDS Number: 800001007567

Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015

## Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	: Mixture
Chemical nature	<ul> <li>Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains &lt;3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content &lt; 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).</li> </ul>
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-

9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

## Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90
Amine phosphate	Amines, C12- 14-alkyl, reac- tion products with hexanol, phosphorus oxide (P2O5), phosphorus sulfide (P2S5) and propylene oxide	91745-46-9	0.1 - 0.9

## **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

In case of skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		DS Number: 00001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015	
			under the skin cal casualty should b for symptoms to c	pressure equipment, injection of product n occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the e sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait levelop. tention even in the absence of apparent	
In c	In case of eye contact		Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
lf s	wallowed	:		tment is necessary unless large quantities owever, get medical advice.	
and	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		of black pustules Ingestion may res Local necrosis is	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Fult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Evidenced by delayed onset of pain and few hours following injection.	
Pro	Protection of first-aiders		When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
me	cation of any immed dical attention and sp atment needed		Treat symptomati	cally.	
			vention and possi age and loss of fu Because entry we ousness of the un determine the ext anaesthetics or he can contribute to surgical decompre- eign material show	ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- inction. bunds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local ot soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- loration is essential.	

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Vers 1.3	sion	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		9S Number: 0001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015	
				occurs. Unidentified orgar	nic and inorganic compounds.	
	Specific extinguishing meth- ods		:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.		
	Special protective equipment for firefighters		:	gloves are to be v large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		DS Number: 00001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015			
			Properly dispose rials in order to p	of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- revent fires.			
Avoida	ance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.				
Product Transfer		:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.				
Further information on stor- age stability		:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.				
			Store at ambient	temperature.			
Packa	ging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable mater				
Conta	Container Advice			tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.			

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

## Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
Engi	neering measures	vary dependi controls base Appropriate r Adequate ve Where mater	protection and types of controls necessary will ng upon potential exposure conditions. Select ed on a risk assessment of local circumstances. neasures include: ntilation to control airborne concentrations.
		General Infor Define proce controls. Educate and measures rel product. Ensure appro equipment us equipment, lo Drain down s nance. Retain drain subsequent r Always obse washing han drinking, and protective eq taminated clo	dures for safe handling and maintenance of train workers in the hazards and control evant to normal activities associated with this opriate selection, testing and maintenance of sed to control exposure, e.g. personal protective ocal exhaust ventilation. system prior to equipment break-in or mainte- downs in sealed storage pending disposal or
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respirator conditions of In accordanc tions should If engineering tions to a lev select respira cific conditior Check with re Where air-filt priate combin Select a filter	e with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- be taken to avoid breathing of material. g controls do not maintain airborne concentra- el which is adequate to protect worker health, atory protection equipment suitable for the spe- ns of use and meeting relevant legislation. espiratory protective equipment suppliers. ering respirators are suitable, select an appro- nation of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	l protection emarks	gloves appro US: F739) m suitable cher	contact with the product may occur the use of ved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ade from the following materials may provide nical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber bility and durability of a glove is dependent on

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
		sistance of g glove supplie Personal hyg Gloves must gloves, hand cation of a no For continuou through time 480 minutes short-term/sp recognize tha may not be a time maybe a and replacen a good predie dependent of Glove thickne	requency and duration of contact, chemical re- love material, dexterity. Always seek advice from ers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. giene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using s should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- on-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. us contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For olash protection we recommend the same but at suitable gloves offering this level of protection vailable and in this case a lower breakthrough acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not ctor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is in the exact composition of the glove material. ess should be typically greater than 0.35 mm in the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clothes.	on is not ordinarily required beyond standard ctice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ective measures		tective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- onal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	mal hazards	: Not applicabl	e
Envii	ronmental exposure o	controls	
Gene	eral advice	vant environ of the environ necessary, p charged to w municipal or discharge to Local guidelin	riate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- mental protection legislation. Avoid contamination ment by following advice given in Section 6. If revent undissolved material from being dis- aste water. Waste water should be treated in a industrial waste water treatment plant before surface water. mes on emission limits for volatile substances erved for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND C	HEMICAL PROPER	RTIES
Appe	arance	: Liquid at roc	om temperature.
Colou	ır	: amber	

- Odour Threshold : Data not available
- pH : Not applicable

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

ersion .3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		S Number: 0001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
pour p	point	:	-24 °C / -11 °F Method: ISO 30′	16
Initial range	boiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °l estimated value(	
Flash	Flash point		223 °C / 433 °F	
			Method: ISO 259	92
Evapo	pration rate	:	Data not availab	le
Flamn	nability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availab	le
	explosion limit / upper ability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	explosion limit / Lower ability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapou	ır pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	/ 68 °F)
			estimated value(	s)
Relativ	ve vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(	(s)
Relativ	ve density	:	0.877 (15 °C / 59	9°F)
Densit	ty	:	877 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 12 <sup>-</sup>	
Solubi Wa	ility(ies) ater solubility	:	negligible	
So	lubility in other solvents	:	Data not availab	le
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	nation on similar products)
Auto-i	gnition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °l	F
Decor	nposition temperature	:	Data not availab	le
Viscos Vis	sity cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	le
Vis	cosity, kinematic	:	46 mm2/s (40.0	°C / 104.0 °F)
			Method: ASTM [	D445
			7 mm2/s (100 °C	C / 212 °F)

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Vers 1.3	ion	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		S Number: 0001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015	
				Method: ASTM [	0445	
	Explos	ive properties	:	Not classified		
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not available		
	Condu	ctivity	:	This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.		
SEC	TION 1	0. STABILITY AND RE	EAC	ΤΙVΙΤΥ		
	Reactiv	vity	:		s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
	Chemi	cal stability	:	Stable.		
	Possib tions	ility of hazardous reac-	:	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.		
	Conditi	ons to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
	Incomp	oatible materials	:	: Strong oxidising agents.		
	Hazardous decomposition products		:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.		
SEC	TION 1	1. TOXICOLOGICAL I	NFC	RMATION		
	Basis f	or assessment	:	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).		
Information on likely routes of exposure Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur for accidental ingestion.		sure although exposure may occur following				
	Acute	toxicity				
	Produc Acute o	<u>ct:</u> oral toxicity	toxicity : LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me			

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity		LD50 (Rabbit): > 5 000 mg/kg

# Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

## Product:

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/16/2021
1.3	07/15/2021	800001007567	Date of last issue: 12/02/2015

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Components:

#### Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Components:

#### Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/16/2021
1.3	07/15/2021	800001007567	Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
NTP			is product present at levels greater than or ntified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

## Reproductive toxicity

## Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT - single exposure

## Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

:

## STOT - repeated exposure

## Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Aspiration toxicity

## Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

## **Further information**

## Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.
	Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.
	Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-
	tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-
	ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of
	product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021		0S Number: 0001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
Ecoto	oxicity			
Prod	-			
Toxic ty)	ity to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to: LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
aquat	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteri are not met. Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxic icity)	ity to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
Toxic icity)	ity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	ity to daphnia and other tic invertebrates (Chron- icity)	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	ity to microorganisms e toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
Persi	stence and degradabili	ity		
Prod	uct:			
	egradability	:	Major constituent: components that Persistent per IM International Oil F tion: "A non-persi consists of hydroo by volume, distills at least 95% of w	Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund defini- stent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, carbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) hich, by volume, distils at a temperature of then tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or
Bioa	ccumulative potential			
Prod			<b>D</b>	
Bioac	ccumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
Mobi	lity in soil		
<u>Prod</u> Mobil			uid under most environmental conditions. I, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remarks: Flo	ats on water.
Othe	r adverse effects		
Prod Additi matio	ional ecological infor-	ozone creatio Product is a n	e ozone depletion potential, photochemical n potential or global warming potential. nixture of non-volatile components, which will not o air in any significant quantities under normal use.
		Poorly soluble Causes physi	e mixture. cal fouling of aquatic organisms.
			es not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- ntrations less than 1 mg/l.

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods			
Waste from residues	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the	
		collector or contractor should be established beforehand.	
		MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.	
Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,	

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
		national, and lo	cal laws and regulations.
<b>Local</b> Rema	<b>legislation</b> ırks		be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **National Regulations**

## US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

\*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

## SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
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# SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/1 Date of last issu	
Clear	n Water Act			
	product does not conta on 311, Table 117.3.	ain any Hazardous Che	emicals listed under	the U.S. CleanWater Act,
US St	tate Regulations			
Penn	<b>sylvania Right To Kr</b> Distillates, petrol	<b>now</b> eum, solvent-dewaxed	light paraffinic	64742-56-9
Califo	ornia Prop. 65			
	product does not conta ts, or any other reproc	-	vn to State of Califo	rnia to cause cancer, birth
Califo	ornia List of Hazardo	us Substances		
	Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic 64742-56-9			
Other	r regulations:			
	egulatory information s material.	is not intended to be co	omprehensive. Othe	er regulations may apply
The c	components of this p	roduct are reported i	n the following inv	ventories:

EINECS		All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

## Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
		its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 1.3	Revision Date: 07/15/2021	SDS Number: 800001007567	Print Date: 07/16/2021 Date of last issue: 12/02/2015
		BTEX = Benze CAS = Chemica CEFIC = Europ CLP = Classific COC = Clevelar DIN = Deutsche DMEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DSL = Canada EC = European EC50 = Effectiv ECETOC = Eur gy Of Chemical ECHA = Europe EINECS = The Chemical Subst EL50 = Effectiv ENCS = Japane Inventory EWC = Europea GHS = Globally Labelling of Che IARC = Internat IC50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor ID50 = Inhibitor ID50 = Inhibitor ID50 = Lethal I CS0 = Lethal I UNV = Chinese CCS0 = Lethal I DACE = Norea ELC50 = Lethal I DACE = NOE DS0 = Lethal I CS0 = Lethal I	Date of last issue: 12/02/2015 ne, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes al Abstracts Service ean Chemical Industry Council ation Packaging and Labelling nd Open-Cup as Institut fur Normung d Minimal Effect Level d No Effect Level Domestic Substance List Commission re Concentration fifty opean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- s ean Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial tances e Loading fifty ese Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code Harmonised System of Classification and emicals ional Agency for Research on Cancer ional Agency for Research on Cancer ional Air Transport Association y Concentration fifty y Level fifty tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the f polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Oncentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. al Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading oading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel supational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic bine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- by Rail et mexposure limit
		TSCA = UŠ Tox TWA = Time-W	d Risk Assessment kic Substances Control Act eighted Average rsistent and very Bioaccumulative

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## Shell Tellus S2 MA 46

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 07/16/2021
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A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	07/15/2021

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