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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

This Safety Data Sheet is based on European Union regulatory requirements.

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBIL PYROTEC HFD 46B

**Product Description:** Aryl Phosphate

**Product Code:** 201560106032, 662395-60

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Hydraulic fluid

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: EXXONMOBIL PETROLEUM & CHEMICAL MOSCOW REP. OFFICE

31 NOVINSKY BOULEVARD

123242 MOSCOW Russian Fed.

Supplier General Contact: +7 (495) 1391444

SDS Internet Address: www.msds.exxonmobil.com

#### 1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 2.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS



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## Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## Pictograms:



Signal Word: No Signal Word

## **Hazard Statements:**

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary Statements:**

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

#### 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

## **Physical / Chemical Hazards:**

No significant hazards.

## **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

#### **Environmental Hazards:**

No additional hazards. Material does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with REACH Annex XIII.

## **SECTION 3**

## COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**3.1. SUBSTANCES** Not Applicable. This material is regulated as a mixture.

## 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

<b>, – – –</b> ,					
Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration	GHS/CLP
				*	classification



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PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE | 68937-40-6 | 700-990-0 | 01-2119519251-50 | 90 - < 100% | [Aquatic Acute 2 H401], Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Note - any classification in brackets is a GHS building block that was not adopted by the EU in the CLP regulation (No 1272/2008) and therefore is not applicable in the EU or in non-EU countries which have implemented the CLP regulation and is shown for informational purposes only.

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

## **SECTION 4**

## **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### **INGESTION**

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

## 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.

## 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

The need to have special means for providing specific and immediate medical treatment available in the workplace is not expected.

## **SECTION 5**

## **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water



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## 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Incomplete combustion products, Nitrogen oxides, Oxides of carbon, Phosphorus oxides, Smoke, Fume

## **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Pressurised mists may form a flammable mixture.

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: 250°C (482°F) [ASTM D-92]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: No data available LEL: No

data available

**Autoignition Temperature:** 565°C (1049°F) [test method unavailable]

## **SECTION 6**

## **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

## **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Report spills as required to appropriate authorities. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

#### **6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Remove debris in path of spill prior to oiling and remove contaminated debris from shoreline and water surface. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

## 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Warn other shipping. Material will sink. Remove material, as much as possible, using mechanical equipment.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction



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and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be

consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

## 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7**

## **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid contact with skin. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

## 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from incompatible materials, open flames and high temperatures. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

#### 7.3. SPECIFIC END USES

Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.

## **SECTION 8**

## **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS**

Note: Information about recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from the relevant agency(ies)/institute(s):

## DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)/DERIVED MINIMAL EFFECT LEVEL (DMEL)

#### Worker

Substance Name	Dermal	Inhalation
PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED,	10.75 mg/kg bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure,	7.58 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic
PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL	Systemic Effects	Exposure, Systemic Effects
PHOSPHATE >=2.5-<25%]		

## Consumer



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 Substance Name
 Dermal
 Inhalation
 Oral

 PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED,
 5.375 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,
 1.87 mg/m3 DNEL,
 5.375 mg/kg bw/day

PHENOL, ISOBOTTLENATED, 5.375 flig/rig bw/day DNEL, 1.67 flig/flis DNEL, 9.375 flig/rig bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure, Chronic Exposure, PHOSPHATE >=2.5-<25%] Chronic Exposure, Systemic Effects Systemic Effects Systemic Effects

Note: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

## PREDICTED NO EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC)

Substance Name	Aqua (fresh water)	Aqua (marine water)	Aqua (intermittent release)	Sewage treatment plant	Sediment		Oral (secondary poisoning)
I	0.000798 mg/l	0.00008 mg/l	NA		0.96 mg/kg (dry wt)	0.252 mg/kg	NA

## 8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

Half-face filter respirator Type A filter material, Organic vapour, European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.



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For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves. Butyl rubber, minimum 0.36 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material with a high performance level for continuous contact use conditions, permeation breakthrough minimum 480 minutes in accordance with CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374.

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

## **SECTION 9**

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Colour: Colourless Odour: Odourless

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting Point: Not technically feasible

**Freezing Point:** <-30°C (-22°F) [test method unavailable]

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: 220°C (428°F) - 270°C (518°F) [Estimated]

Flash Point [Method]: 250°C (482°F) [ASTM D-92]



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Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not technically feasible

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: No data available LEL: No

data available

Vapour Pressure: [N/D at 20°C] | 0.044 kPa (0.33 mm Hg) at 150°C [Estimated]

Vapour Density (Air = 1): No data available

Relative Density (at 20 °C): 1.17 [test method unavailable]

Solubility(ies): water Negligible

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): 4.85 [OECD 107]

**Autoignition Temperature:** 565°C (1049°F) [test method unavailable] **Decomposition Temperature:** > 300°C (572°F) [test method unavailable]

Viscosity: 41.1 cSt (41.1 mm2/sec) at 40°C - 46 cSt (46 mm2/sec) at 40°C [test method unavailable]

**Explosive Properties:** None **Oxidizing Properties:** None

## 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

None

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition., Moisture.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: None

**10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: (Rat) 1 hour(s) LC50 > 2,000 mg/l (Vapour) Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar



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materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401
Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402
Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404
May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405
Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 429
Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico- chemical properties of the material.
Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 476 479
Not expected to cause cancer.
Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414 421
Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.
Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.  Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 410 413

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

## **12.1. TOXICITY**

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

## **Biodegradation:**

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.



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## 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Material -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

## 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Not determined.

## 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

Material does not meet the Reach Annex XIII criteria for PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

## **ECOLOGICAL DATA**

**Ecotoxicity** 

Test	Duration	Organism Type	Test Results
Aquatic - Acute Toxicity	48 hour(s)	Daphnia magna	EC50 3.9 mg/l: data for similar materials
Aquatic - Acute Toxicity	96 hour(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	LC50 3.4 mg/l: data for similar materials
Aquatic - Acute Toxicity	96 hour(s)	Pimephales promelas	LC50 42.3 mg/l: data for similar materials

Persistence, Degradability and Bioaccumulation Potential

Media	Test Type	Duration	Test Results: Basis
Octanol-Water	Calculated		log Kow 4.85

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

## 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

**European Waste Code:** 13 01 11\*

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).



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This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, and subject to the provisions of that Directive unless Article 1(5) of that Directive applies.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

## **SECTION 14**

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## LAND (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN Number:** 3082

**14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name (Technical Name):** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%])

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es):

14.4. Packing Group: III

**14.5. Environmental Hazards:** Yes **14.6. Special Precautions for users:** 

Classification Code: M6
Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS
Hazard ID Number: 90
Hazchem EAC: 3Z

## **INLAND WATERWAYS (ADNR/ADN)**

**14.1. UN (or ID) Number:** 3082

**14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name (Technical Name):** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%])

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es):

14.4. Packing Group: III

14.5. Environmental Hazards: Yes 14.6. Special Precautions for users:

Hazard ID Number: 90 Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS

#### SEA (IMDG)

**14.1. UN Number:** 3082

**14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name (Technical Name):** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%])

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es): 9

14.4. Packing Group: III

14.5. Environmental Hazards: Marine Pollutant

14.6. Special Precautions for users:

Label(s): 9

EMS Number: F-A. S-F

Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.



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(PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%]), 9, PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

## SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not classified according to Annex II

## AIR (IATA)

**14.1. UN Number:** 3082

**14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name (Technical Name):** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%])

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es): 9

14.4. Packing Group: III

**14.5. Environmental Hazards:** Yes **14.6. Special Precautions for users:** 

Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS

**Transport Document Name:** UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=2.5 < 25%]), 9, PG III

#### **SECTION 15**

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION

## REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories (May contain substance(s) subject to notification to the EPA Active TSCA inventory prior to import to USA): AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, ISHL, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

# 15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

## **Applicable EU Directives and Regulations:**

1907/2006 [... on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ... and amendments thereto]

Annex XVII restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles identified in Regulation 1907/2006/EC [...on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restrictions of Chemicals ... and amendments thereto]

94/33/EC [...on the protection of young people at work]

96/82/EC as extended by 2003/105/EC [ ... on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances]. Product contains a substance that falls within the criteria defined in Annex I. Refer to Directive for details of requirements taking into account the volume of product stored on site.

98/24/EC [... on the protection of workers from the risk related to chemical agents at work ...]. Refer to Directive for details of requirements.

1272/2008 [on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.. and amendments thereto]



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## 15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

**REACH Information:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more substances present in the material.

## SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

#### List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text
N/A Not applicable
N/D Not determined
NE Not established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading
EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Classification procedure		
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation		

## KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):



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[Aquatic Acute 2 H401]: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

## THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

No revision information

.....

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Internal Use Only

MHC: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1 PPEC: AV

DGN: 7190807XRU (1028655)